A Sad and Terrible Relation Of the Dreadful

Earth-qualit

That happened at

JAMACO,

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WESTINDIES,

On the 7th. of July, 1692.

With an Account of the great
Damage it did at Port-Royal, and in
divers core places of that Island, to
the Destruction of many People and
Buildings, with the Swan Frigat, by
the Shaking and Opening of the Earth,
and Inundations of Water.

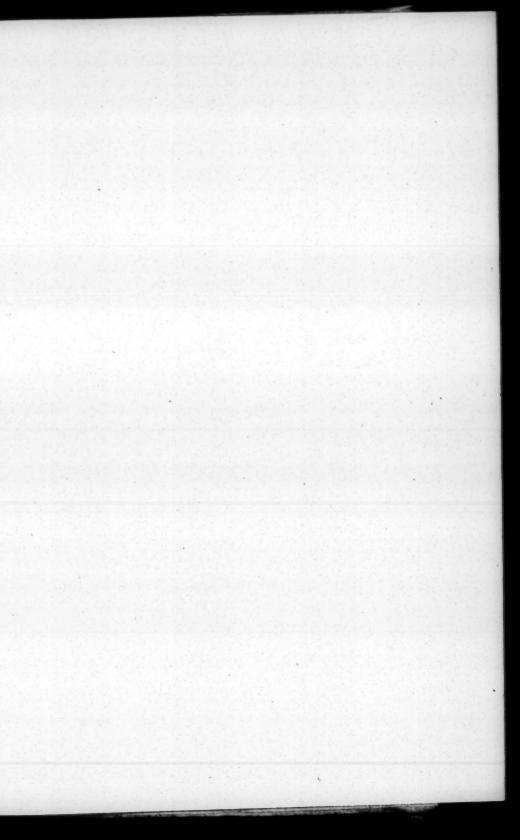
ALSO,

An Account of the utter Defeat of the French then Landed there; with the Burning of their Ship, and Killing about Three Hundred of their Men.

Licented according to Dider.

Printed for P. Brooksby, J. Dearon, J. Blare, and J. Back. 1692.

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Of the Dreadful

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A Sed and Terrible RELATION

Of the Dreadful

Earth-quake

That happened at A M A C O.



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Carth-quake.

Reat and Terrible are the Wonderful Works of God in his Creation, and yet more amazing and stupentious, the Effects of them relating to the power and force he Arms the lements withal, which demonstrates is Almightiness, and the weakness of our greatest Strength and Force; when he designs to baffle and over-hrow them, even the Winds, the ca, the Fire and the Aire, are In-A 3 struments

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struments of Might in his hand; and when he raises them up, who can stand before them. The Holy Scripture tells us, The Earth trembles as his presence, and the foundations there of are shaken; the Hills melt, and the Mountains smooth at his touch; he dry up the Deep with his looks, and at his Rebuke the Heavens slee away, and are rolled up together like a Scrowl.

These things should strike sear and awe into the hearts of Men, and make them tremble at so great a Majesty; and amongst all these, Earthquakes are very terrible and amazing; for how can we but tremble, when we seel the Frame of the Earth shake under us, the Foundations of the Round World totter, so that we know not in the Consternation and Consusion, whither to sty for safety!

This happens generally in Earthquaker, of which we in our Age have had many fad Instances; people have been shaken out of their Habitations,

Waster Street Hard Land

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or buried in the Rubbiff, fome fwallowed up alive in the gaping breaches of the Earth; and indeed, all Contingencies of this nature have been very fearful and amazing: England, as many Histories make mention, has not been free at fundry times from these strange Convulsions, and a trembling of it was felt near a Year tince, here and in Ireland at one and the fame time : Naples and Zima have lately had their share, the one much shattered, and the other quite demolished: But to leave what has been a few Years past, we come now to the present lamentable Subject of this Paper. t

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Pew; we believe, there are in England, but have heard of the Famous Island of famaco, taken by the English from the spaniards, in their Expedition to the West-Indies, 1653. an Island then very Fruitful, but A 4

fince more plentifully improved; well stored with Cattle, People, and Trading Commodities, from whence Enzland is supplyed with many useful Necessaries, but by its Scituation, much subject to Hurricanes, or Winds, that come on a sudden with fuch violence, that they lay all Leavel before them; to that the people upon fuch Imergencies, which they by certain figns foresee, have Houses or Caves leavel with the Ground to shelter them; but against the violent Erruptions of Earthquakes these little avail, for when the Foundation totters, the Superfiructure, though never fo low, must be very unstable; no Rocks nor mighty Mountains are capable of flanding such a Shock, whose violence is irrelistable, and so it happened in this famous Island, for on some signs of an Earth-quake the Sun at letting, dulines of the Stars

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in the Night, thickness and grossness of the Aire, the unufual marmuring of the Winds, and huge Twelling of the Sea; the more curious oftervers of fuch Presages took notice of it, but knew not how to thun its Effects, as not knowing in what place it would happen; foon after the apprehensions of it were more visible, for the Earth began to tremble, or rather feem'd to dance, whilst the affrighted people knew not what to think in those parts where it gave the violent Shock. but expected the Earth to cleave in funder; so threatning and terrible was it to their apprehensions, that they left their Houses as unsafe, with what in so sudden a juncture they could carry away with them to places of more fecurity. 7th. of July about Noon, it broke out by the Harbour fide in Port-Royal, and did great Damage upon the Island, throwing down there many many Houses, but on the Harbour divers of the Houses sunk down, from three to five Fathom, in a very fhort space, computed at no more than a Minute: And what was yet more fearful, in the Streets next the Wharf, the Ground opened, with fearful Gapings, out of which issued fuch abundance of Water, that divers of the Inhabitants were drowned in the Flood, which came out like a mighty Deluge, the Breach being very wide and deep: The other part of the Town that escaped the Water, was very much shattered, so that the people were forced to fly from them, fome being much Wounded by the falling Ruins, and some are supposed to have perished in them; but those who had loft their Habitations and escaped, were taken care of by order of the Magistrates, who took great care for their safety and subsistance. man which the contract of the

The Swan Frigat that was Careening on the Wharf, and not able to get off, was driven in among the ruined Buildings, and Stones of the VVorks where she was, beaten to pieces, and the trembling of the Earth continued for a long time; the Sea seemed to Swell more than usual, and boile up, as being extraordinarily Agitated.

During this Disorder in the Island, it happened that divers French Vessels came in to the Northward, and Landed about Three Hundred Men, doing some little Damage: whereupon their Majesties Ship the Guernsey, being a Man of VVar, and some Sloops, took a Compass to come in with them, and fell so successfully upon them, that having battered the French Vessels a while, they set them on Fire, and so warily plyed those on the Land, that they were all cut off, except Eighteen that got

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off in a Shallop and narrowly escaped the fury of our Men, who in this Action got some considerable Booty: So that as our people fuffered by the Earth quake, against which there is no contending, or at least preventing, in humane power or poffibility, the French bore a part in this, or a more shameful Missortune, by being overthrown with a small number, when they had, no doubt, promifed themselves great things from this attempt, as being at great Charge to enterprize it; and indeed, it happened at fuch a time as might have promifed them better fuccels than they mer withal; So leaving them to their deferved Fate, we come to make some Remarks upon the Earth quake.

The extraordinary Fury that did this Execution, we find was for fudden and unexpected, that divers people more than did, must have perished in the Waters, and the Ru-

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The first is, when the Earth is shaken Laterally on one side, the whole force of the Wind driving to one place.

The fecond, when the Earth with great violence is lifted up and finks down again; which is, when the force of the Wind

frives to get upward.

The third is, the gaping and rending of the Earth, when it links down and fwallows up Cities, Towns and Caffles, Hill, Rocks, Rivers and Floods, to that they are never feen agen.

The fourth, when Mountains are lifted out of the Earth, & the Earth under the Sea heaved up, nakes Islands: But from all he dreadful effects of them,

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Let us pray to God to deliver us. who is able to do what soever pleas seth him, in Heaven and in Earth; th that so me may escare the danger that others have fallen into, and w laud and bless our Deliver and a Preserver for the great Mercieshe has manifested towards us above other People; for what can we ac- fe count our selves better than those son whom God has suffered this sad w Disaster to fall? Let us consider thenour mays, and malk uprightly, that so me may fear no danger, or at least, in all conditions be prepared to encounter it, by fitness at ea all times to take our leave of this of World, when it Shall please God to call us out of it. edadt iFINIS.

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ins of the tottering Houses, that could not presently be known who they were; for by the report of several that were Spectators of their lamentable Misfortune; the blowing up was so swift, as if it had been a Train of Powder laid under some mighty Pile of Buildings, yet they thought in that Com luftible Confufion, they heard the Cry of the miferable people that perished; but as from as the Terror and Consternation was over, all diligence and care was used to fave and succour those that had get off, and the people every where shewed their extraordinary. Charity towards them, and commiserated their sufferings; and the Enemy, as you have heard, who came to make advantage and insult over their Miseries in this great Ca-lamity, not only lost his expectation, but was utterly Ronted, so that these diftreffed people in the midft of danger, found Mercy and Deliverance. 5

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These kind of Earth-quakes are in themselves very Terrible, and are occasioned by an Exhalation of Hot and Cold that is enclosed in the Caves of the Earth, Arugling there to find passage and break forth, and forces out violent ly when it comes into fo narrow a passage that it cannot find wideness enough to breathe; being more violent in shaking the Earth, sometimes rending and cleaving it, at other times casting up Earth a great height into the Aire, and fometimes it causeth it to fink to great depths, as in the present case: Divers Authors hold there are fundry forts of Earth-quakes.

